Dedicated to the 80th anniversary of the birth of Kim Jong II

DPRK-PRC FRIENDSHIP FROM ONE CENTURY INTO THE NEXT



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Juche 111 (2022)

The Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the People's Republic of China have a long history and traditions of friendship.

The peoples of the two countries deepened fraternal relations and solidarity through their arduous and bloody struggle against the imperialists' invasion and have steadily strengthened their relations of friendship and cooperation on the road of realizing their common ideals and purposes.

The leaders of elder generations including President Kim II Sung of the DPRK, and Chairman Mao Zedong and Premier Zhou Enlai of the PRC made frequent mutual visits free from the diplomatic conventions and formalities and laid a cornerstone for the development of friendly relations between the parties and peoples of their countries.

Kim Jong II, Chairman of the National Defence Commission of the DPRK, strengthened and developed to a higher level the DPRK-PRC friendship created and cultivated by the leaders of elder generations.

Early in the 1980s, he paid a visit to China and met Hu Yaobang, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China. During his visit, he provided a sure guarantee for inheriting and developing the traditional DPRK-PRC friendship from one generation into the next, writing a new chapter in the history of relations of friendship between the parties and peoples of the two countries.

In the new century, too, Kim Jong II made several visits to China. During his visits he met General Secretary Jiang Zemin and General Secretary Hu Jintao and had candid talks with them on the issues of mutual concern, further promoting the mutual understanding, confidence, friendship and cooperation between the two parties and two countries and dynamically encouraging the common struggle of the two peoples to promote peace and stability of the Korean peninsula and the rest of the world including Asia.

The friendship, which was created in the flames of the arduous struggle on the basis of the common aspirations and desires of the peoples of the two countries and overcame every manner of vicissitudes and trials of history, will shine for ever along with the undying exploits Chairman Kim Jong II performed for its consolidation and development.

DPRK-PRC FRIENDSHIP FROM ONE CENTURY INTO THE NEXT

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Inheriting the History and Traditions of Friendship

June 1-13, Juche 72 (1983)

Kim Jong Il paid an unofficial visit to the People's Republic of China.

The Chinese party and government leaders warmly greeted Kim Jong II as the most honoured guest and accorded him sincere hospitality.

Kim Jong Il's historic visit to the People's Republic of China served as an important opportunity for inheriting through generations the proud history and traditions of DPRK-PRC friendship established by the leaders of elder generations of the two countries and for further consolidating the bilateral relations born of the sacred common struggle for the socialist cause.





Kim Jong II met Hu Yaobang, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China at the Beijing Railway Station.

Hu Yaobang organized in person the entire programme related to his

guest's visit.













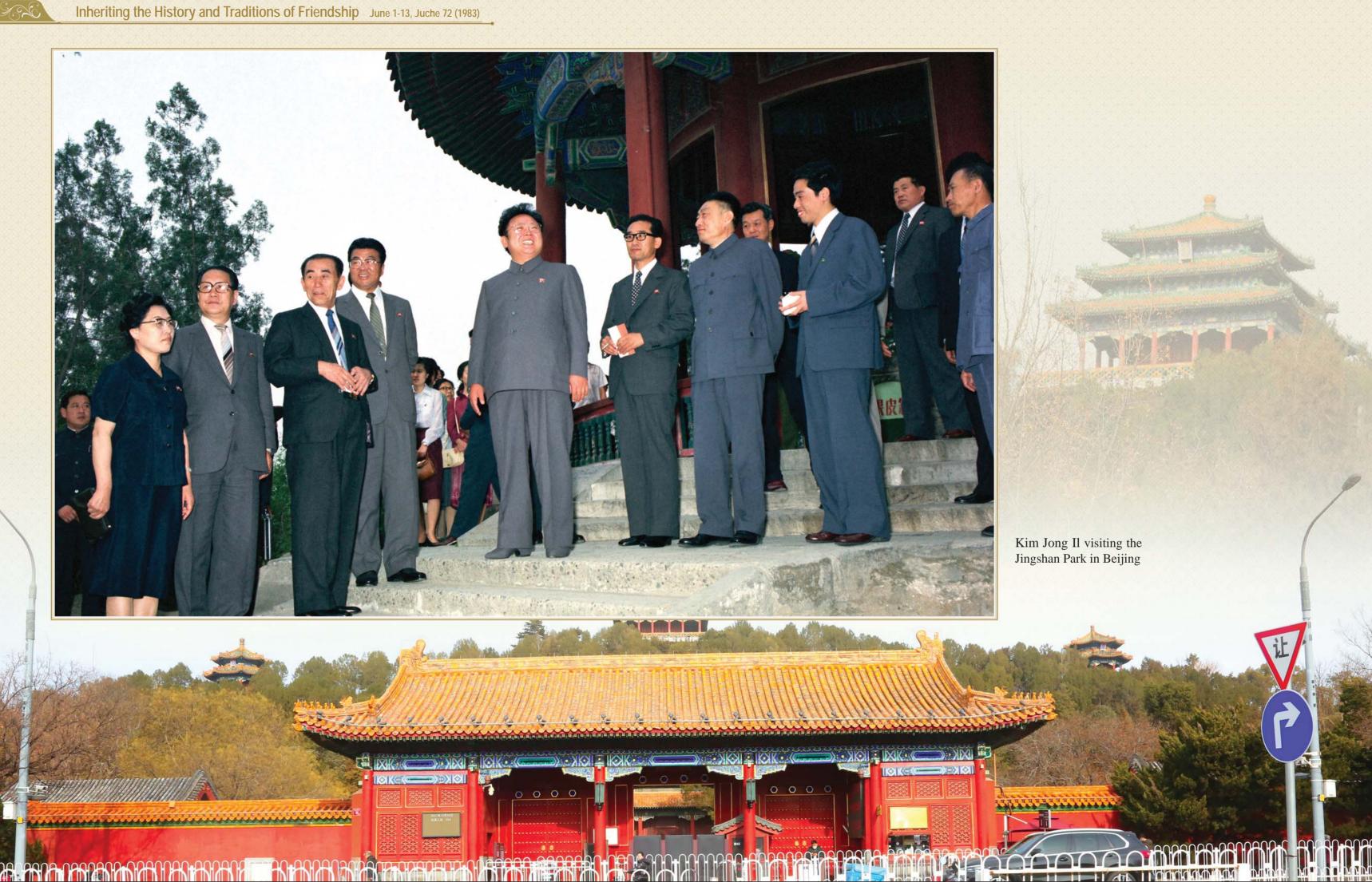
Kim Jong Il having talks with Hu Yaobang

















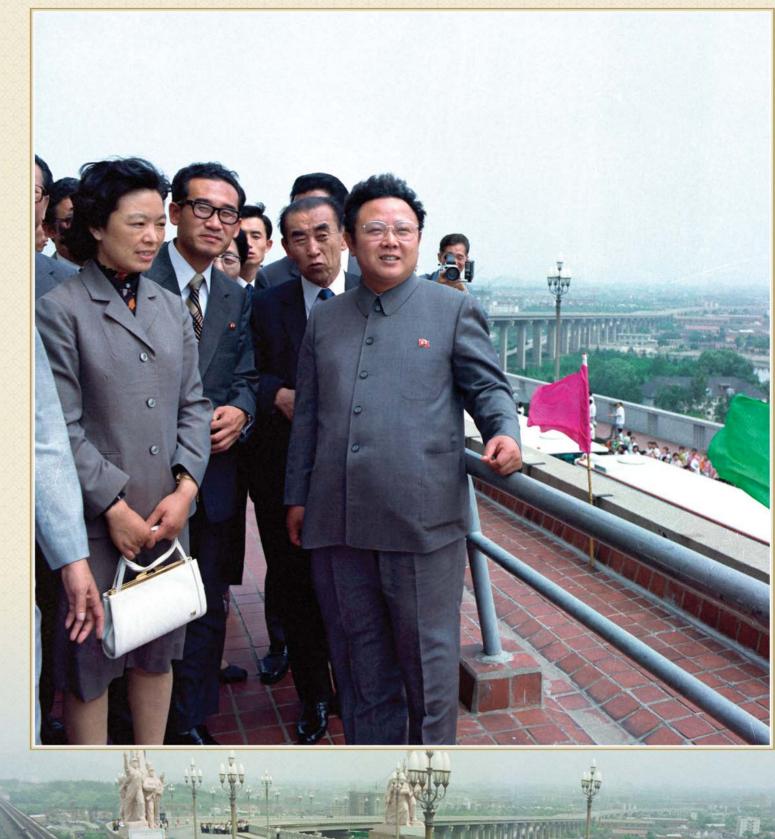








Kim Jong Il looking round the Nanjing Electronic Equipment Factory and Yangtze Bridge









Kim Jong Il looking round West Lake Huagang Park



Kim Jong II looking round the Shuangfeng Tea Production Brigade of the West Lake People's Corporation, Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province





Kim Jong Il visiting the memorial hall of the First Congress of the Communist Party of China



Kim Jong Il looking round the construction site of the Shanghai Baoshan Iron & Steel Co Ltd





Kim Jong II meeting Xi Zhongxun, Member of the Secretariat of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China











Kim Jong Il meeting Deng Xiaoping, Chairman of the Central Military Commission of the Communist Party of China and Director of the Central Advisory Committee of the Communist Party of China, and attending a luncheon arranged by Deng Xiaoping







Kim Jong Il meeting Li Xiannian, President of the People's Republic of China



Kim Jong II meeting Deng Yingchao, Vice-Chair of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress of the People's Republic of China







Promoting the Development of Friendship at the Turn of the New Century

May 29-31, Juche 89 (2000)

Kim Jong II, General Secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and Chairman of the National Defence Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, paid an unofficial visit to the People's Republic of China at the invitation of Jiang Zemin, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and President of the People's Republic of China.

The Chinese party and government leaders warmly welcomed Kim Jong II and accorded the sincerest hospitality to him.

Kim Jong II's visit to China at the historical turn of the century represented a landmark in further consolidating the traditional DPRK-PRC friendship and promoting the joint struggle of the parties and peoples of the two countries for developing the socialist cause.







Kim Jong II meeting Jiang Zemin and having talks with him











Kim Jong Il looking round the Tiananmen Rostrum







Amid the special care and warm hospitality of Jiang Zemin and the CPC Central Committee, Kim Jong II wound up his unofficial visit to China successfully.







General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and President of the People's Republic of China. The Chinese party and government leaders accorded the Korean leader warm welcome and sincere hospitality as he made a visit to their country after seven months. January 15-21, Juche 90 (2001) Kim Jong Il's visit to China on the threshold of the new century served as an important occasion in developing onto a higher stage the traditional relations of friendship, solidarity and cooperation between the parties and peoples of the two countries.

Kim Jong II, General Secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and Chairman of the National Defence Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, paid an unofficial visit to the People's Republic of China at the invitation of Jiang Zemin,





Kim Jong Il meeting Jiang Zemin and holding talks with him











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Kim Jong II visited several places in Shanghai.

Kim Jong II visited Shanghai and looked round the Shanghai Urban Planning Exhibition Hall, Shanghai General Motors Co Ltd, Shanghai Huahong NEC Electronics Co Ltd, Chinese National Human Genome Centre, Shanghai Grand Theatre and Oriental Pearl TV Tower.





57)





Kim Jong Il visiting the Shanghai Baosteel Group Corporation



Kim Jong Il looking round a software development institute









Kim Jong Il visiting the Shanghai TV Tower





Kim Jong Il enjoying the nocturnal view of Shanghai







September 3-5, Juche 90 (2001)

Jiang Zemin, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and President of the People's Republic of China, paid an official goodwill visit to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea at the invitation of Kim Jong II, General Secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and Chairman of the National Defence Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

His visit to Pyongyang was of great significance in steadily consolidating the relations of friendship and cooperation between the two countries in the new century and represented a powerful support and encouragement to the Korean people in their struggle for building a powerful socialist country and achieving national reunification.







Kim Jong II receiving Jiang Zemin

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Kim Jong II enjoying a performance given by the DPRK's State Merited Chorus together with Jiang Zemin















Consolidating the DPRK-PRC Friendship

April 19-21, Juche 93 (2004)



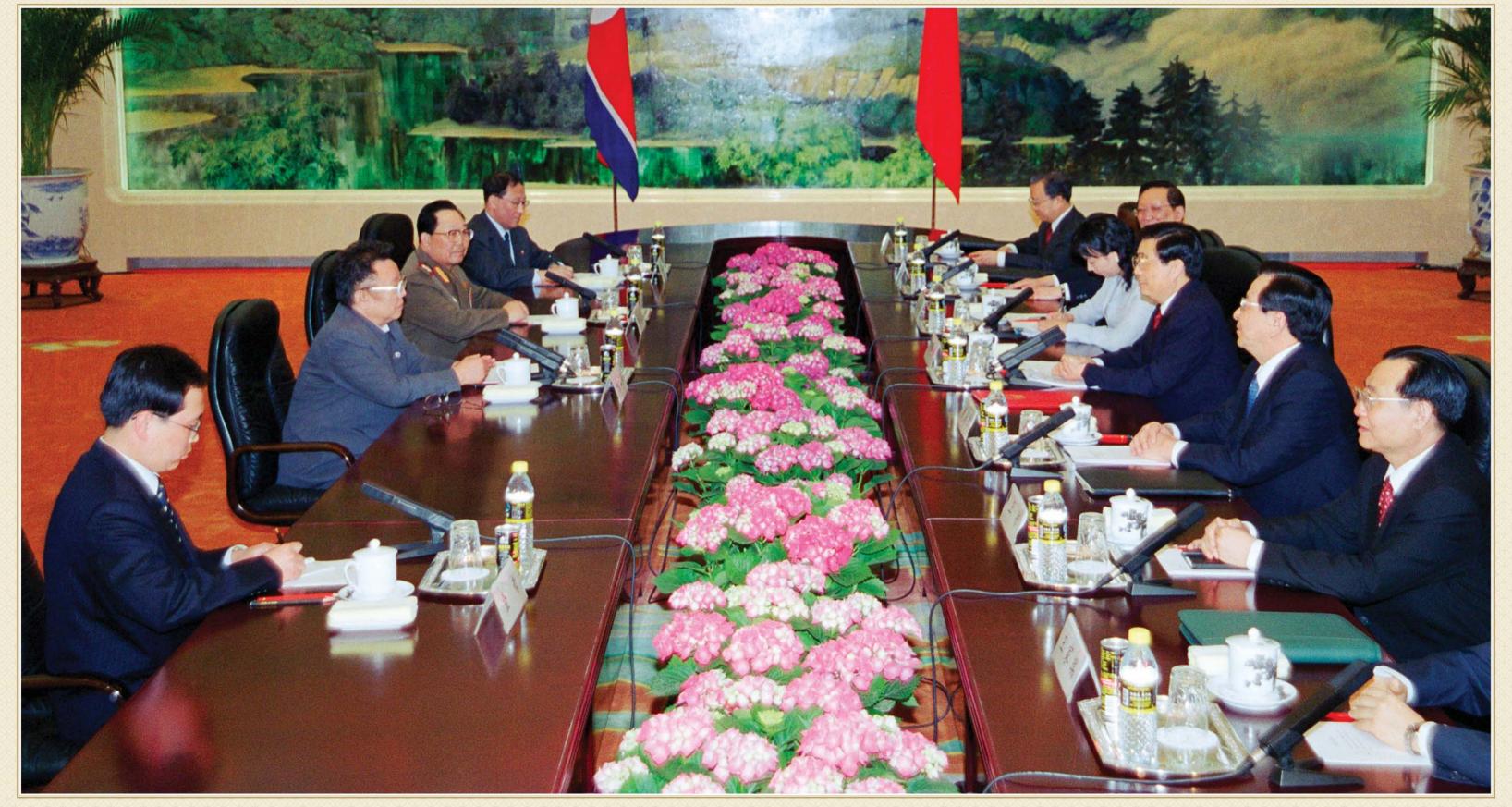




Kim Jong II meeting Hu Jintao







Kim Jong Il holding talks with Hu Jintao







Kim Jong Il attending a banquet arranged by Hu Jintao











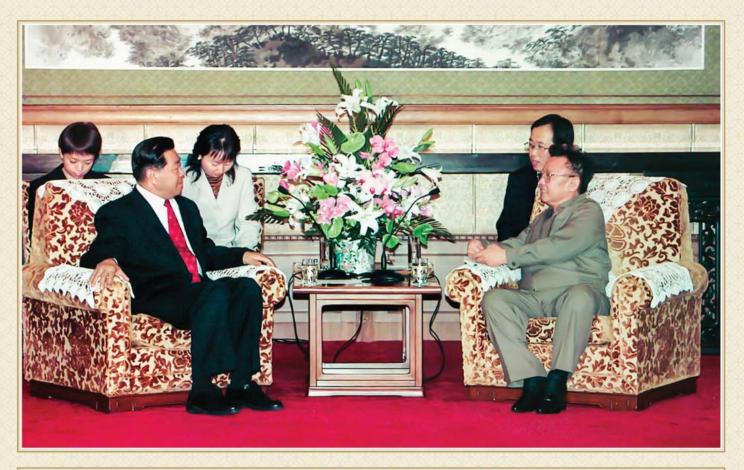


Kim Jong Il talking with Jiang Zemin





Kim Jong Il meeting leading cadres of the party and government of China







Kim Jong II looked round several places in Tianjin.



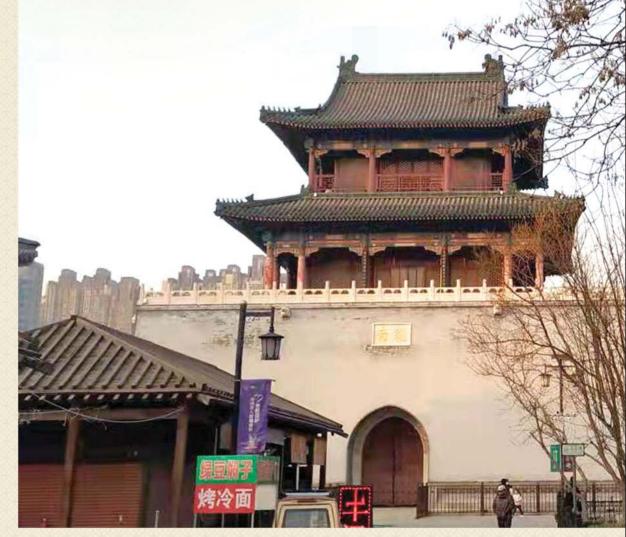
Kim Jong Il visiting a new residential district in Tianjin

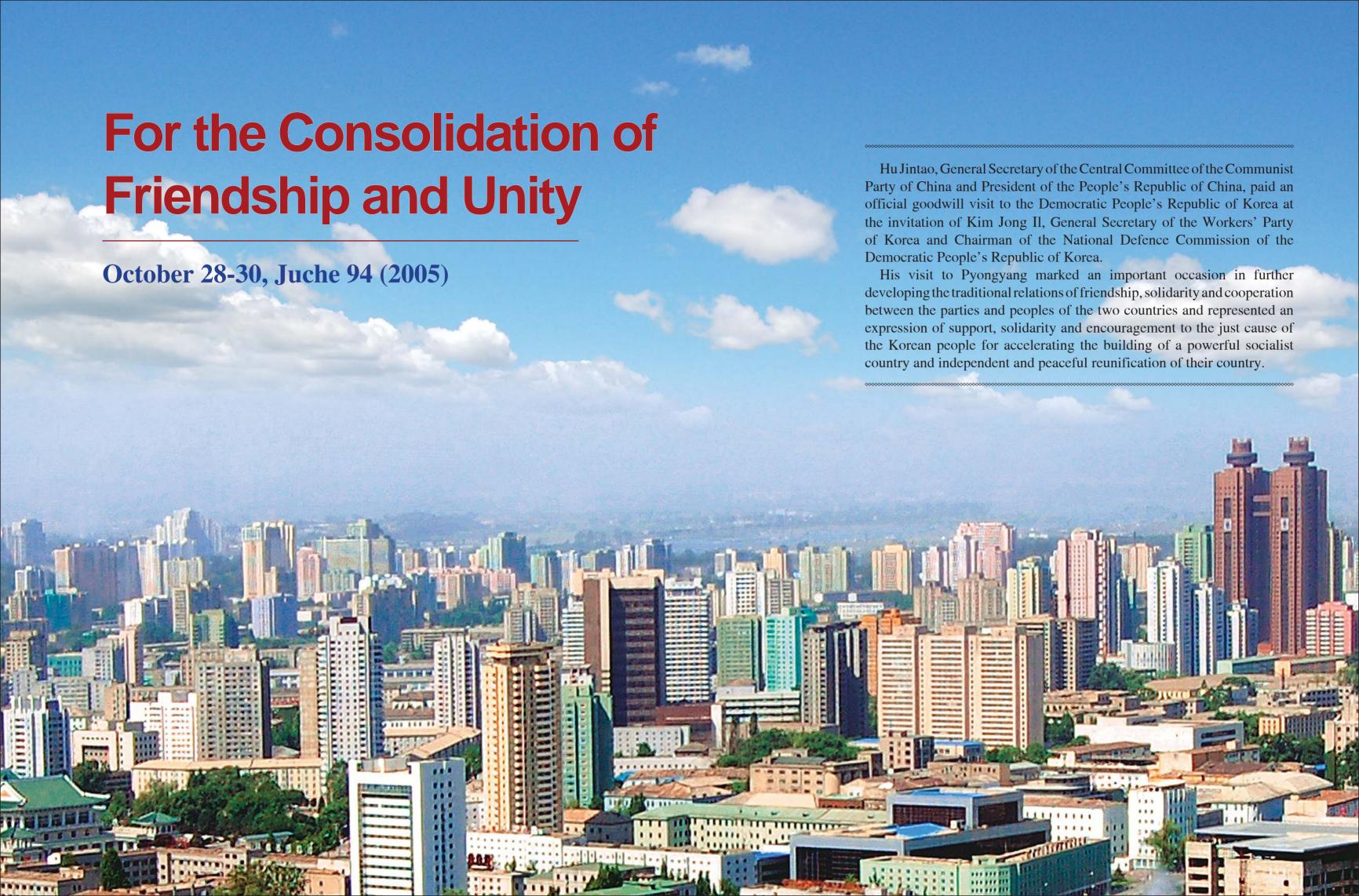




Kim Jong Il looking round the Tianjin Drum Tower Museum











Kim Jong Il receiving Hu Jintao























Kim Jong Il visiting the Taean Friendship Glass Factory with Hu Jintao









Opening Up a New Era of Mutual Visits and Cooperation

January 10-18, Juche 95 (2006)

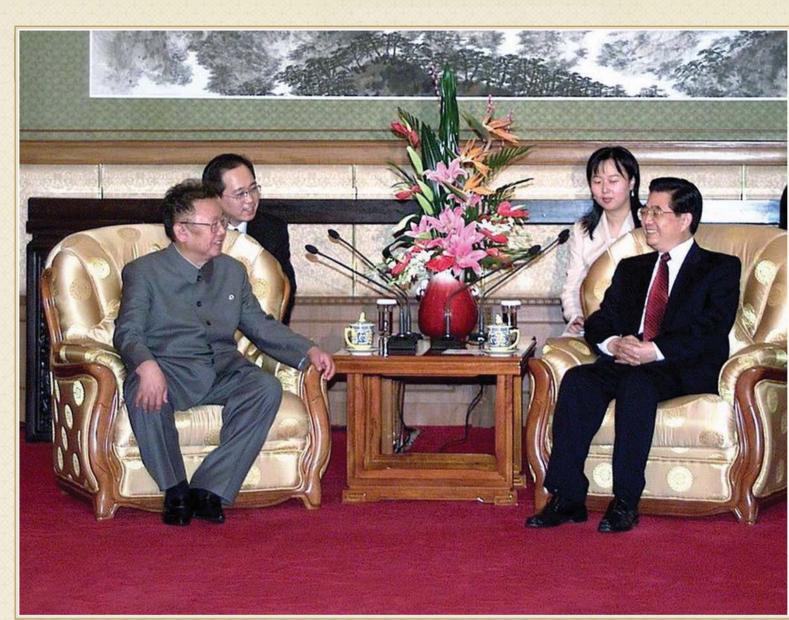
Kim Jong II, General Secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and Chairman of the National Defence Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, paid an unofficial visit to the People's Republic of China at the invitation of Hu Jintao, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and President of the People's Republic of China.

The party and government leaders of China warmly welcomed the DPRK leader, who was visiting their country again with the feeling of deep friendship towards the fraternal Chinese people at the outset of the new year, and accorded him sincere hospitality.

His visit marked an important occasion in injecting a fresh vitality and vigour into the traditional friendship between the two countries by further promoting high-level mutual visits and cooperation and solidifying mutual understanding and confidence.

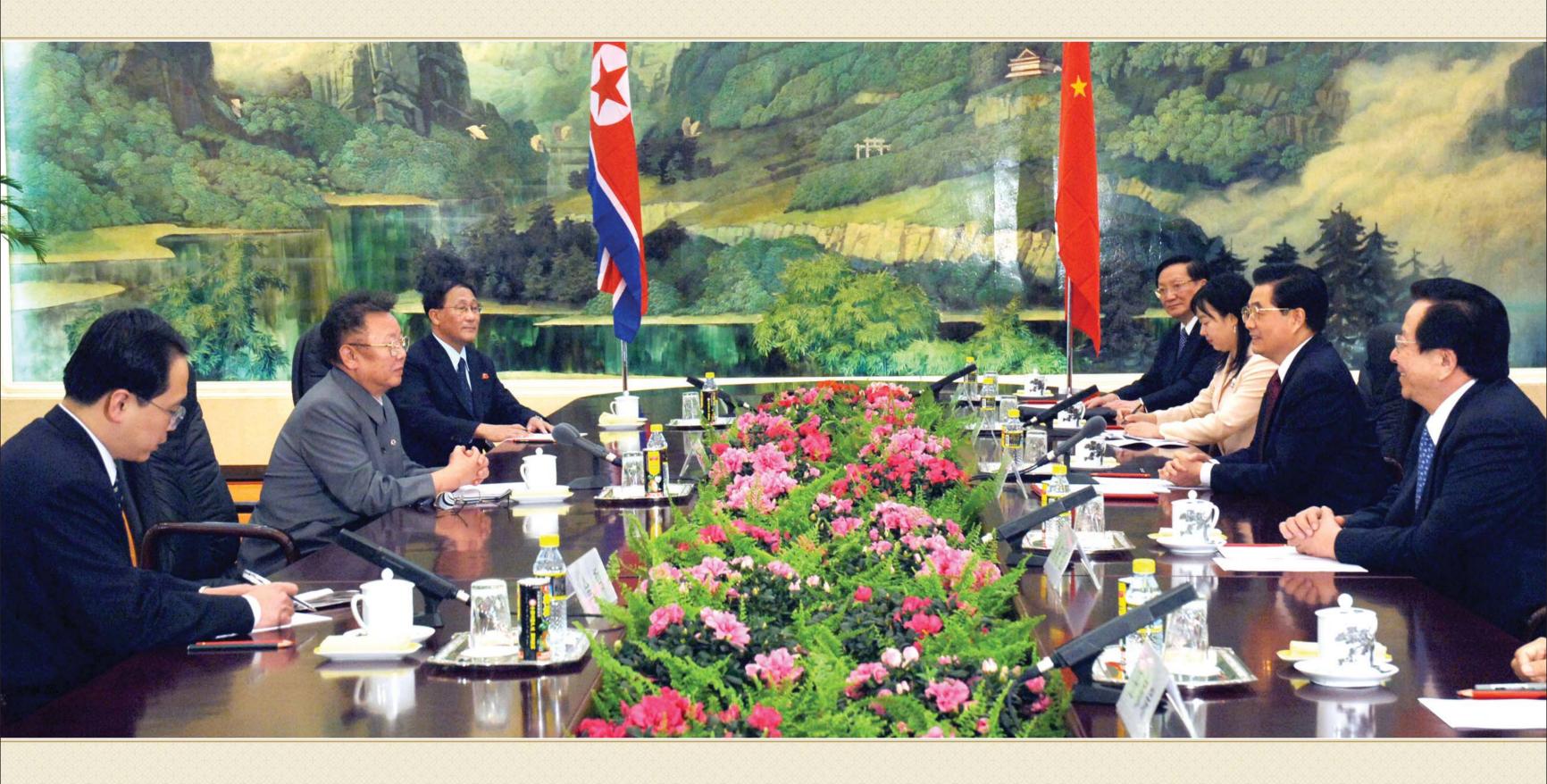






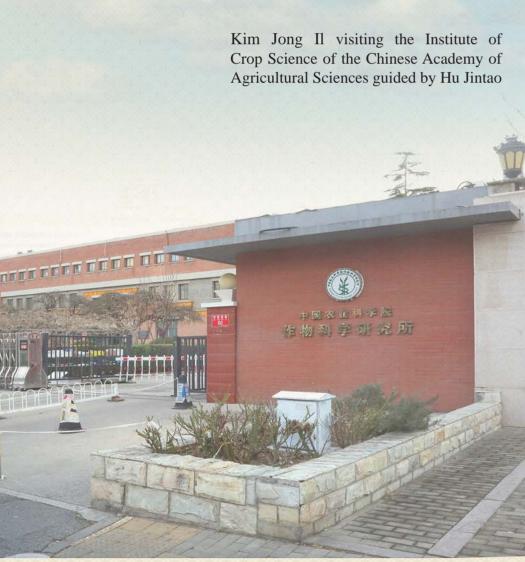
Kim Jong Il holding talks with Hu Jintao







Kim Jong II visited several places in Beijing and Hubei and Guangdong provinces.



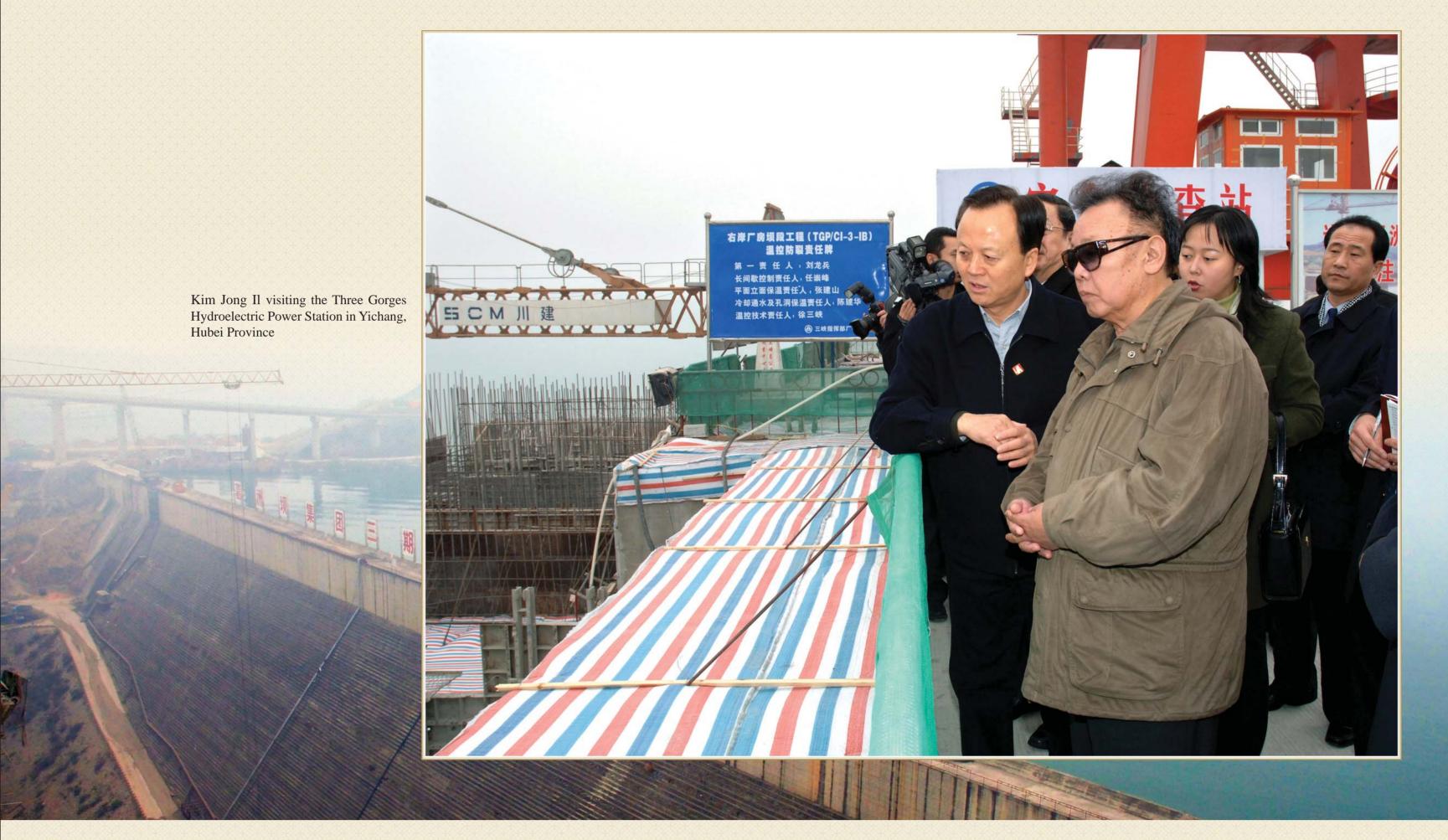






Kim Jong II seeing in Wuhan, Hubei Province, the Friendship Tree which Kim II Sung and Mao Zedong planted in November Juche 47 (1958)







Kim Jong II visiting the Dongsheng Golden Farm Limited in Guangzhou, Guangdong Province



Kim Jong II visiting the Sun Yat-Sen University Library in Guangzhou, Guangdong Province



Kim Jong II visiting the Eastcompeace Technology Co Ltd in Zhuhai, Guangdong Province



May 3-7, Juche 99 (2010)

Kim Jong II, General Secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and Chairman of the National Defence Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, paid an unofficial visit to the People's Republic of China at the invitation of Hu Jintao, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and President of the People's Republic of China.

Kim Jong II visited several parts in Northeast China, enjoying warm welcome and cordial hospitality of the Chinese people wherever he went.

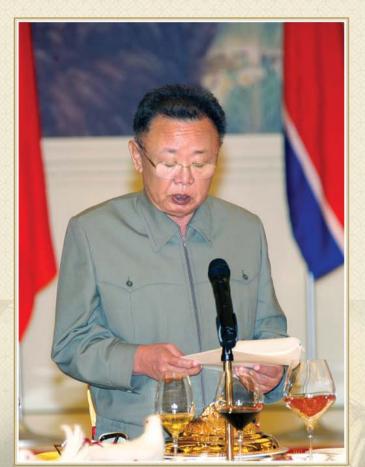






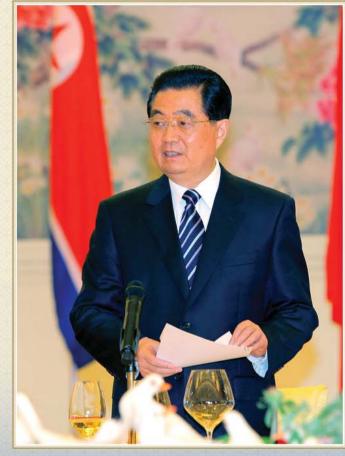






Kim Jong II delivering a speech at a banquet arranged by Hu Jintao











Kim Jong II visited Dalian and various other cities in Northeast China.







Kim Jong Il looking round the Bangchuidao Hotel which President Kim Il Sung visited in Juche 72 (1983)



Improving the Relations of Friendship onto a Higher Level

August 26-30, Juche 99 (2010)

Kim Jong II, General Secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and Chairman of the National Defence Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, paid an unofficial visit to the People's Republic of China at the invitation of Hu Jintao, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and President of the People's Republic of China.

He visited several cities in Jilin and Heilongjiang provinces.

As the two provinces are historic places where the traditional friendly relations between the two countries started through a common struggle against the foreign aggressors, his visit to them was of particular significance in developing the relations of friendship and good-neighbourliness on a higher level.







Kim Jong Il meeting Hu Jintao in Changchun



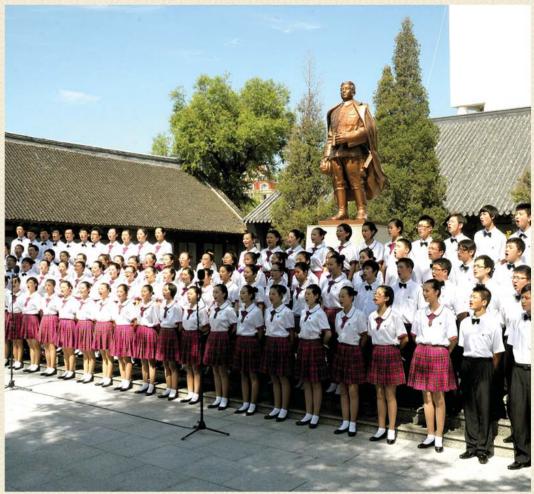
Kim Jong Il holding talks with Hu Jintao







Kim Jong II visited Jilin Yuwen Middle School.



The school chorus sang the immortal revolutionary paean *Song of General Kim Il Sung* with boundless reverence for President Kim Il Sung and the school song.







While attending Jilin Yuwen Middle School from Juche 16 (1927) to Juche 18 (1929), Kim Il Sung conducted his revolutionary activities.







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After finishing the visit, Kim Jong II wrote in the visitors' book as follows: "I hope that Jilin Yuwen Middle School, which is a symbol of friendship between the DPRK and the PRC and which has a long history and tradition, will train a larger number of excellent people. August 26, 2010 Kim Jong II"







Kim Jong Il meeting Hu Jintao in Beijing

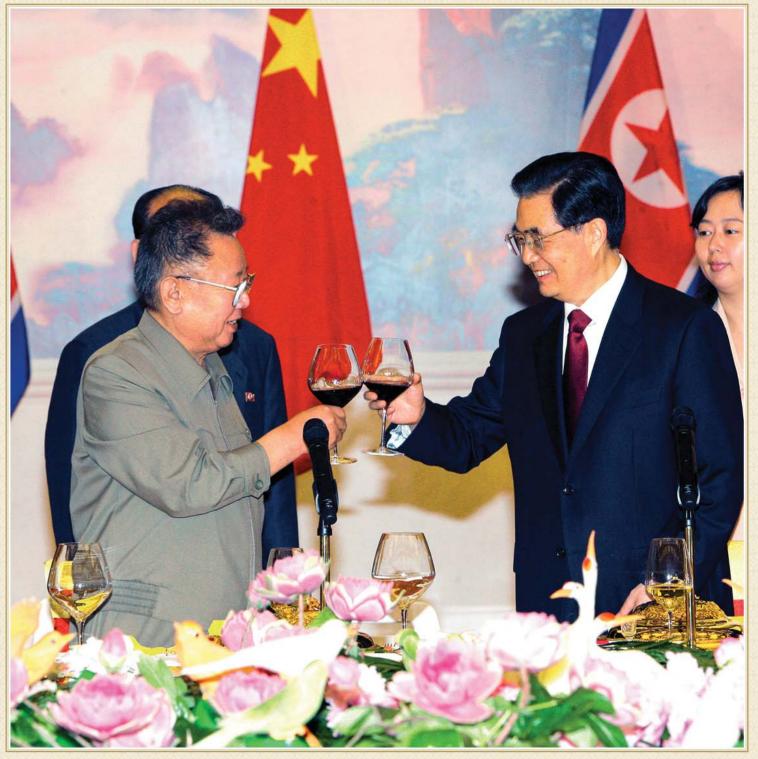






Kim Jong II held talks with Hu Jintao. The two leaders exchanged sincere and in-depth opinions on the development of the friendly relations between their countries and international and regional issues of mutual concern, the issues concerning the situation of Northeast Asia in particular.





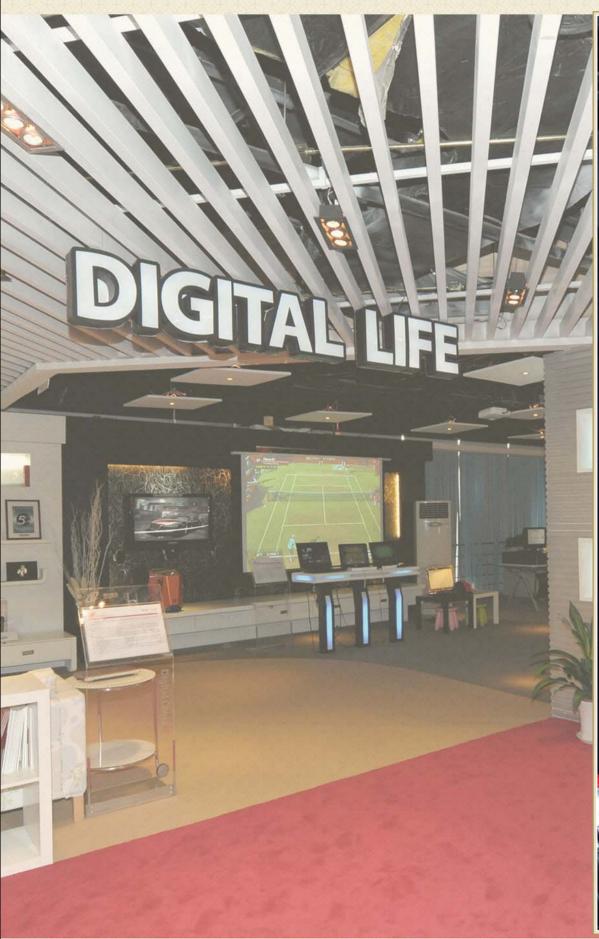
Kim Jong II attending a welcome party given by Hu Jintao













Kim Jong Il looking round the Digital China Group Co Ltd in Beijing



Kim Jong II visited various places in Northeast China and East China.













Kim Jong Il visiting Lake Jingbo, a scenic spot in Northeast China

Lake Jingbo is a historic site where the Korean People's Revolutionary Army under the command of General Kim Il Sung dealt a telling blow to the Japanese imperialists in November Juche 23 (1934).

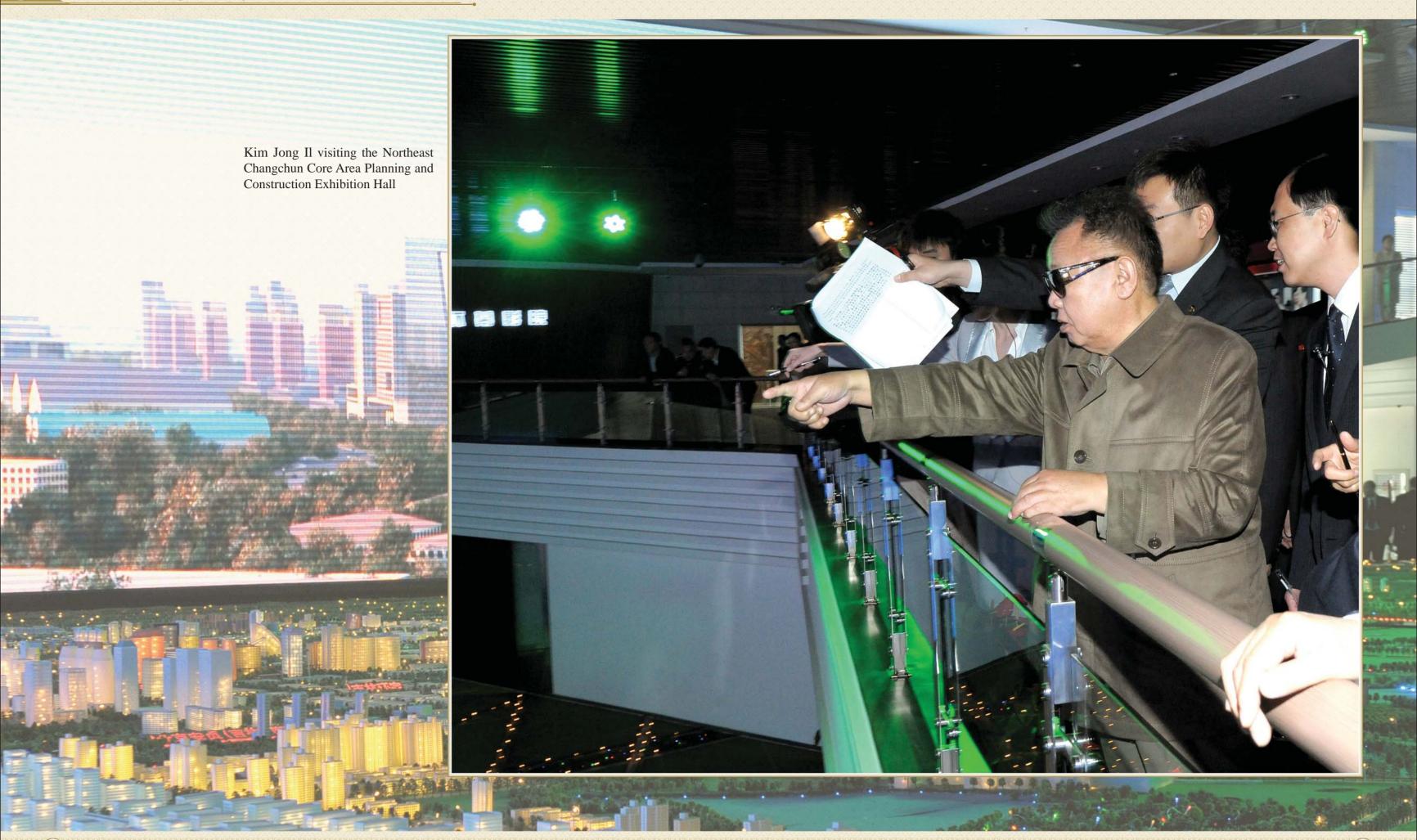






Kim Jong II visiting the Hailin Farm in Mudanjiang and a dairy farm run by it







Kim Jong Il visiting the Smart Valley Exhibition Centre in the Yangzhou Economic & Technological Development Zone







Continuous Journey for Friendship

August 25-27, Juche 100 (2011)

Kim Jong II, General Secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and Chairman of the National Defence Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, visited several cities in the northeastern area of the People's Republic of China.

His visit to Northeast China was recorded in the annals of the friendly relations between the DPRK and the PRC as another significant event which fully demonstrated the traditional relations of friendship and cooperation between the two parties and countries and further consolidated the ties of friendship between their peoples.







Kim Jong II visited Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region.

Manzhouli in this region is a historic place, which President Kim Il Sung visited several times.







Kim Jong II visited Heilongjiang Province and met Dai Bingguo, a State Councilor of the PRC.





Kim Jong II looking round various places in Qiqihar and Daqing in Heilongjiang Province















Kim Jong II enjoying an artistic performance which artistes in Heilongjiang Province prepared for him

Winding up his visit to Northeast China, Kim Jong II exchanged warm farewell greetings with the national and regional officials of China, who had guided him with all sincerity during his visit.











Kim Jong II receiving a gift from Jiang Zemin in May Juche 89 (2000)





Kim Jong II receiving a gift from Xi Jinping in June Juche 97 (2008)





Kim Jong II receiving a gift from Wen Jiabao in October Juche 98 (2009)



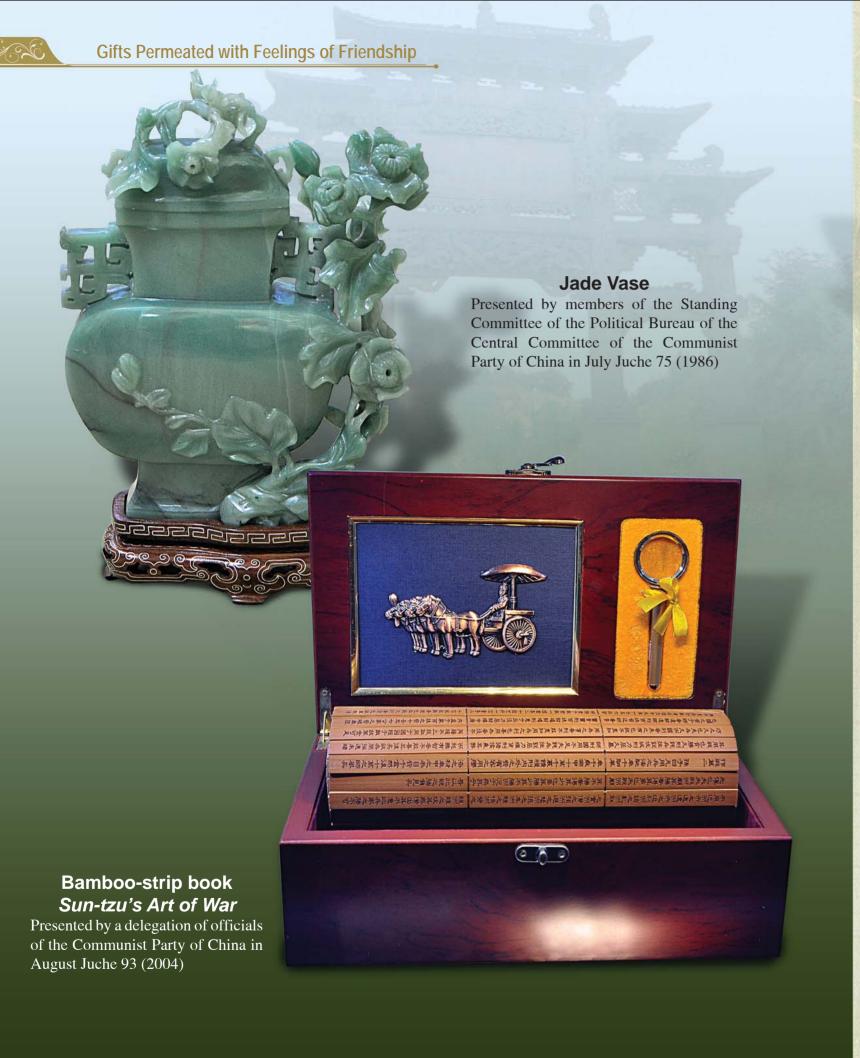


Kim Jong Il receiving a gift from Dai Bingguo in September Juche 98 (2009)





Kim Jong Il receiving a gift from a delegation of the Communist Party of China in June Juche 100 (2011)





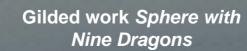






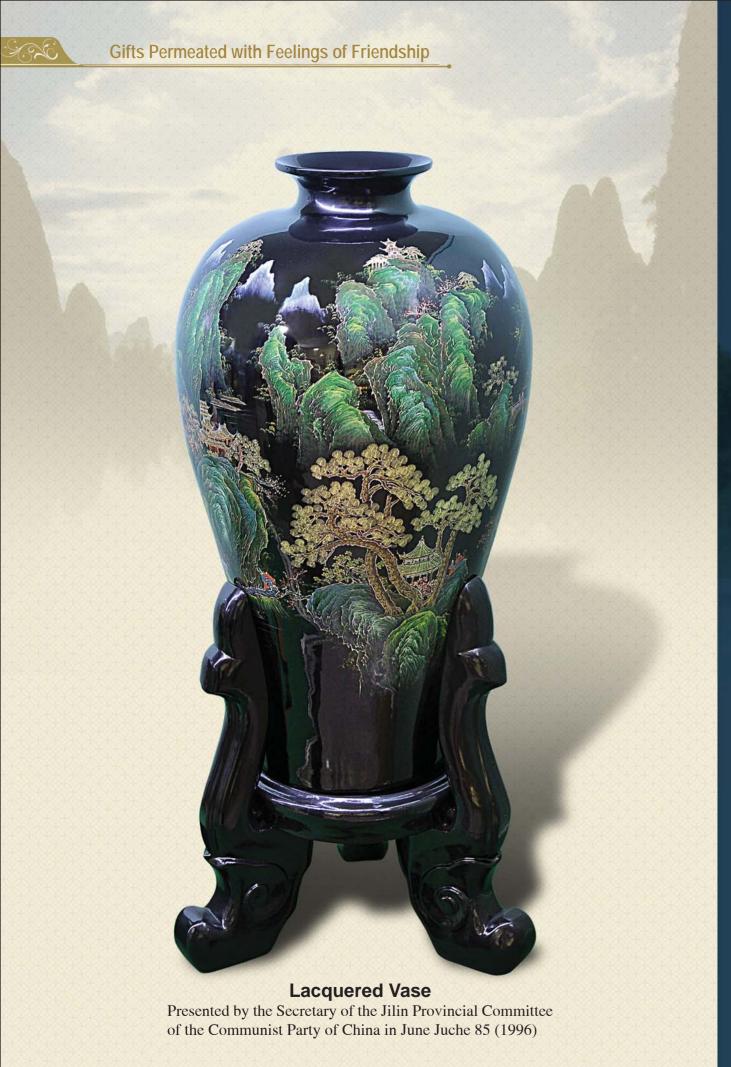
Textile work Cranes and a Pine Tree

Presented by a Member of the Standing Committee of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and Premier of the State Council of the People's Republic of China in October Juche 98 (2009)



Presented by a Vice-Premier of the State Council of the People's Republic of China in July Juche 95 (2006)











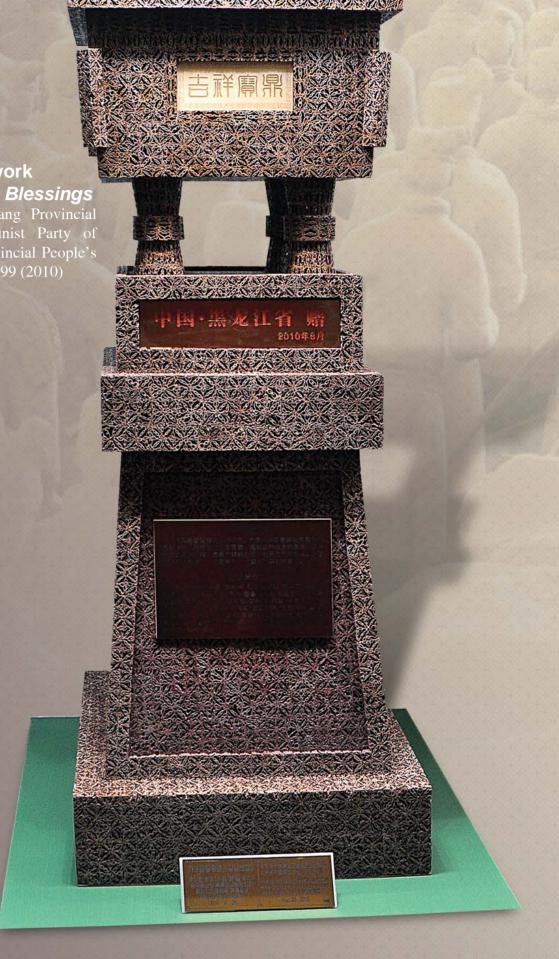
Crystalwork Cup
Presented by a delegation of the International Friendship
Liaison Council of China in September Juche 97 (2008)

Crystalwork Lotus Flower
Presented by the Beijing China-DPRK Friendship
Association International Economic and Cultural Exchange Centre in September Juche 92 (2003)



Walnut-shell work The Cauldron Brings Blessings

Presented by the Heilongjiang Provincial Committee of the Communist Party of China and Heilongjiang Provincial People's Government in August Juche 99 (2010)





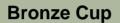






Double-faced embroidery Cat

Presented by the Secretary of the Liaoning Provincial Committee of the Communist Party of China in April Juche 83 (1994)



Presented by a Member of the Standing Committee of the Political Bureau of the Communist Party of China, who was the former director of the General Political Department of the Chinese People's Volunteers in September Juche 80 (1991)







Double-faced embroidery Longevity

Presented by the Sichuan Provincial People's Government, Sichuan Committee for Foreign Economy and Trade and Sichuan Foreign Economic Relations and Trade Corporation in November Juche 84 (1995)



Goldwork Nine Goldfish

Presented by the Managing Director (a Chinese) of the Singapore Senat Shipping and Trading Pte Ltd and his wife in May Juche 91 (2002)

Jadework Twin Cauldrons of Loyalty and Filial Devotion

Presented by the family of Zhang Jinquan, son of Zhang Weihua, a Chinese martyr of the anti-Japanese revolution, in April Juche 91 (2002)



Chinese painting Spring
Presented by the Central Committee of the
Communist Party of China in February
Juche 91 (2002)













Stonework Inkstone with Nine Dragons

Presented by the Jilin Provincial Committee of the Communist Party of China and the Jilin Provincial People's Government in August Juche 99 (2010)

Changping Industry Co Ltd in February Juche 99 (2010)







Presented by the Xuzhou Construction Machinery Group Co Ltd in February Juche 101 (2012)









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Edited by Kim Myong Nam
Written by Han Su Yong
Translated by Jong Myong Jin, Choe Kwang
Published by Foreign Languages Publishing House,
DPR Korea

Issued in February Juche 111 (2022)





