

KIM IL SUNG-KIM JONG IL FOUNDATION

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President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il working together for the country's prosperity and development and people's happiness, in April Juche 74(1985).



President Kim Il Sung is awarded an order from Didier Ratsiraka, president of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar, in October Juche 74(1985).



Chairman Kim Jong II receives an order from Norodom Sihanouk, King of Cambodia, in July Juche 93(2004).



President Kim Il Sung receives an order from Fidel Castro Ruz, president of the Council of State of the Republic of Cuba, in March Juche 75(1986).

Anecdote

Title of Honorary Doctor of Engineering Awarded on His Birthday

President Kim Il Sung celebrated his 53rd birthday during his visit to the Republic of Indonesia between April 10 and 20, Juche 54(1965).

A ceremony took place at the national palace to award him the title of honorary doctor of engineering on the initiative of President Sukarno and according to a joint decision of the Indonesian government and the committee for academic awards of the Indonesian University. The president of the university said it was a great honour for him to confer the title of honorary doctor of engineering on Marshal Kim Il Sung on April 15, 1965, adding his idea on the technical revolution and the building of an independent national economy and the successes the Korean people had achieved in their efforts to translate them into reality were all attractive and miraculous.



Chairman Kim Jong II is awarded an order from Obiang Nguema Mbasogo, president of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea, in April Juche 81(1992).

Anecdote

By Reflecting Ardent Desire of All Party Members

"The guiding ideology of our party is the Juche idea and its method of guidance is to meet the requirements of Juche!"

This was the firm faith engraved on the heart of Ali Houdou, who was the founder of the then Revolutionary Party of Benin. He worked hard to build and develop his party like the Workers' Party of Korea.

So he held Chairman Kim Jong Il in high esteem as the Honorary Chairman of Revolutionary Party of Benin by reflecting the intense desire of his party members.

As he conveyed the Certificate of the Honorary Chairman of the Revolutionary Party of Benin to be awarded to the Chairman, he explained the reasons for it, saying:

"Firstly Chairman Kim Jong II is leading the Korean and world revolution with outstanding ideology and theory and leadership art, and secondly our party, a political party which signed the Pyongyang Declaration, is fighting to achieve the same objective with the WPK led by him."



Zhou Wei

(Continued from the previous issue)

At that time President Kim Il Sung was preparing the battle in Luozigou in order to demonstrate once again the might of the anti-Japanese united front.

The Chinese anti-Japanese units led by Kong Xianyong, Shi Zhongheng, Chai Shirong and Li Sanxia were to be committed to the battle. My father was the chief of staff of the Kong Xianyong unit.

The President and my father came face to face again for the anti-Japanese fight in nearly two years and discussed the operation to attack Luozigou.

The battle had continued for days due to the desperate resistance of the enemy at the fortress on the west hill.

In the battle my father received a serious wound in the leg. On the third day of the battle, a shell fired from the fortress flew to the place of their operation meeting to inflict serious or light wounds on some commanders of the anti-Japanese units.

Then, their members were disheartened and began to retreat in a disorderly manner with Luozigou at their back.

Just at that juncture, the resonant voice of the President reverberated across the battlefield:

"Comrades, let us occupy the fortress on the west hill at any cost! Let us fight for the revolution to the last drop of our blood!"

The President dashed forward, shooting enemies with his Mauser. Following him, his men sprang to their feet and rushed ahead through the showers of machine-gun bullets.

The fortress which enemies boasted of as impregnable was occupied in only 30 minutes and the red flag fluttered at the top of the fort.

Although he was heavily wounded, my father held the soldiers of his unit back spreading his arms, shouting at them to see the red flag. Only after seeing the fluttering flag did his men discontinue retreating and dash to the enemy's camp shouting a battle cry, and the battle finally ended in the victory of our forces.

The Sino-Korean anti-Japanese combined forces secured a victory in Luozigou which the Wang Delin unit yielded to the Japanese troops without firing a shot of resistance.

My father in his lifetime recalled with high respect for the President, who initiated and masterminded the formation of the anti-Japanese united front, and highly praised the alliance of the Chinese and Korean antiJapanese forces that existed in the history of their joint struggle, writing: "The 2nd Corps of the Anti-Japanese Allied Army was just the Korean People's Revolutionary Army. ... During the anti-Japanese guerrilla war, the Chinese and Korean peoples forged close ties in blood for their common task."

In the history of the joint anti-Japanese war of the Chinese and Korean peoples, the two rounds of expeditions to North Manchuria made by President Kim Il Sung occupy an outstanding position.

In the first half of the 1930s, the President set East Manchuria embracing Antu, Wangqing and Yanji and the northern border areas of Korea as the main arena of fight. But he kept in close touch with the anti-Japanese armed units in North Manchuria. In October 1934 and in the summer of 1935, he led the expeditionary force to North Manchuria over the Laoyeling Mountains and cemented the militant ties between the Chinese and Korean revolutionaries in the thick of battles.

According to my father, two rounds of the expeditions were made at my father's request.

After the battle in Luozigou, my father went to Ningan with about 20 anti-Japanese soldiers and, with them as the asset, organized the Ningan anti-Japanese guerrilla unit. Afterwards, a guerrilla unit consisting of Koreans was included into the Ningan unit and the merger with the Ping Nanyang unit was realized. However, the Ningan anti-Japanese guerrilla unit found it difficult to conduct guerrilla activities legitimately as all large and small anti-Japanese units in North Manchuria which were active centring around Beihutou branded it as enemy.

And the revolutionary movement in the Ningan area was at a low ebb.

My father believed that only President Kim Il Sung could help him tide over such a grave situation.

As the President had accumulated much experiences and led the anti-Japanese movement along the road of victory by proficiently conducting work with the Chinese anti-Japanese units in East Manchuria, my father sent him a letter requesting him to fix the problem facing the revolution in North Manchuria. My father told me that he had felt guilty about asking the President for help, rather than rendering assistance to him at the time when the guerrilla bases in East Manchuria which the President had built with so much pains were under threat from within and without owing to the siege-and-attack operations by the Japanese imperialists and the anti-"Minsaengdan" struggle by the Left chauvinists.

The President seriously considered his request and went to North Manchuria through the heavy snow of Laoyeling, regarding the acceptance of the request as a sacred internationalist duty.

At the time, my father was receiving medical treatment with his 20 to 30 men in a mountain hut in the Badaohezi guerrilla base.

Very pleased at the news that the President came there, my father went far from the hut with the help of a stick and guerrillas to see him.

"I am very glad to see you again. Please give me much help," said my father earnestly, grasping his hands.

Later, President Kim II Sung described the meeting with my father as an event symbolic of a new chapter in the history of the anti-Japanese armed struggle and recalled:

"This meeting marked the start of the full-scale joint struggle of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army and the guerrilla units led by Chinese communists."

Upon arrival at my father's hut, the President looked at his wound first and applied the ointment he brought with him to the lesion. After the wound healed well thanks to such sincerity, the President made a nice oak stick to suit his stature and helped him with his walking exercise by holding his arm.

My father was moved to tears and hugged the President with the free hand, saying:

"Commander Kim, I will never forget your sincerity. When my family members hear about it, they will try to carry you on their backs. Let us fight on together in the anti-Japanese war without changing our mind."

In those days, the President and my father, sharing the board and lodging, had serious discussions on various issues for boosting guerrilla activities and developing the North Manchurian revolution. They found the solution to the revolution in going deep among the people and intensifying the military activities of the guerrilla army.

A few days later, the President left the Badaohezi base, leading the force of about one platoon offered by my father as well as the expedition force. He sounded the first gunshot of the joint struggle demonstrating the fraternal friendship between Chinese and Korean communists and the might of proletarian internationalism in Shitouhe on the shores of Lake Jingbohu, and won victory after victory wherever he went. In that course, many Chinese anti-Japanese units and local volunteers were enlisted in the Ningan anti-Japanese guerrilla unit.

Afterwards, my father organized the 5th Corps of the Northeast People's Revolutionary Army with the Ningan anti-Japanese guerrilla unit as the mainstay, which he said involved most of the Chinese anti-Japanese units who deepened the militant friendship with the expedition force of the President as they trekked through the snow-covered fields and mountains together.

The gunshot of the joint anti-Japanese struggle sounded by the President served as a signal which rallied them all to the grand battlefields for anti-Japanese salvation.

In late May 1935, my father sent again a long letter to the President.

In July that year, the President came over Laoyeling for the second time to hold an emotional reunion with my father in Laoquangou of Shandongtun.

He warmly congratulated my father on having completely recovered from the wound and taken the post of the 5th Corps commander.

His unit performed brilliant military feats also during

the second expedition to North Manchuria together with anti-Japanese armed units stationed there.

Through successive battles, he fired people in Emu with burning revolutionary enthusiasm, although even Chinese units abandoned the area as they were unable to set foot on it.

Whenever my father looked back on that period, he used to tell me about the battle fought on the shores of Jingbohu in February 1936.

The President, who had been waging military and political activities in mountains and fields in North Manchuria for over a half year, was getting ready for Nanhutou, the final designation of the second expedition to North Manchuria, in the forests of Huangnihezi.

Around that time, the Ping Nanyang unit under the command of my father had been waging fierce battles against one division of the Japanese troops and the Jingan unit for over ten days. The unit suffered terrible losses as they were fighting against the enemies who were far superior both in numerical strength and military equipment and due to poor combat command.

Seeing our unit thrown on the defensive, the enemy troops got more violent and attacked it in a wave formation from the direction of Beihutou. If the enemy would seize the position on the opposite shore of Jingbohu, the Badaohezi base in which the 5th Corps was headquartered might be in danger of collapse.

And the enemy was stubbornly attacking the unit with an eye to breaking down the newly organized 5th Corps and stamping out the emerging North Manchurian revolution.

Author is daughter of Zhou Baozhong, a Chinese related to the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle

(To be continued)

* * *



Guide of the Times

(Continued from the previous issue)

Kim Jong Il cultivated from his childhood a thoroughgoing standpoint of defending and carrying forward the revolutionary ideas of Kim Il Sung and made it his steady habit.

Already in 1953 when he was at primary school he formed a group for the study of General Kim II Sung's short biography, which was an event of profound significance. The aim of the study group was for the pupils to prepare themselves as pillars of the Korean revolution armed with the revolutionary ideas of the President through the study of his revolutionary history.

One day in May 1956, the time after the war, there was a lecture at Pyongyang Secondary School No. 1 on the prospects of the fiveyear plan for the development of the national economy set forth at the Third Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea. The lecturer said that as the country had just undergone a three-year-long war and its territory was so small, there was no need to build big factories manufacturing trucks, tractors and vessels which required a huge sum of funds and much labour, asserting that the best way was to import the machines by exporting mineral resources in bulk.

Kim Jong II who had been listening to him carefully interrupted him with a protest, saying to the following effect: You've said there's no need to make trucks and tractors in the country, but President Kim II Sung set it as the Party's basic line of economic construction to develop heavy industry preferentially while ensuring a

simultaneous development of light industry and agriculture. It doesn't make sense to say that we are to buy machines from other countries instead of making them. Please make clear about it once again.

Dumb-founded with his face flushed, the lecturer cleared his throat a couple of times and took a handkerchief out of his pocket to wipe the sweat on his forehead. He then stepped down the rostrum. Stepping out of the lecture hall, Kim Jong II told the fellow students that President Kim II Sung had said that if the country was to stand on its own feet, industry should be developed before anything else and, to this end, machines should be made by its own efforts. He then referred to the necessity to make machines and build factories through the country's efforts by all means as the President instructed in order to build socialism where people live happily.

Even after the passing of Kim Il Sung, Kim Jong Il did his best to defend and enrich the President's ideology.

It was July 18. 1994, a day before bidding last farewell to the President, when Kim Jong II told the members of the Political Bureau of the

Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea that they should all live in accordance with the President's thought and intention and carry out his instructions, bearing his desire and intention deep in mind, and carry forward his ideas just as they had done when he had been alive, adding that if they did so forever and thoroughly, this would mean holding the President in high esteem permanently.

Therefore, in the wake of setting forth the slogan "The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung will always be with us!", he set the slogan "Let us arm ourselves firmly with the revolutionary ideas of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" as one of the main slogans of the Workers' Party of Korea.

One day in November 1994, he pointed to the need to arm the people with the Juche idea, the revolutionary idea of the Party, saying to the following effect: The Juche idea formulated by the President is the best. It is the only guiding idea for our revolution and construction and the lifeline of our nation. In order for our nation to live on, it should firmly arm itself with the Juche idea and advance as indicated by this idea.

On the other day he said that although the President had passed away, his ideas and achievements were immortal and that the President was immortal meant that his ideas and achievements were immortal and he would always live in the hearts of the people adding that it would be better to say "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's revolutionary ideas!"

As he had such mind he told the officials, who tried to name after him those ideas and theories he had put forward, that his ideas were identical with the President's and that if they dug into his ideas, they would find nothing but the President's revolutionary ideas.

2) The Juche idea shines as guiding ideology of the times

Evaluation of 100-year history of working-class ideas

While reading Kim Jong Il's works like On the Juche Idea and Socialism Is a Science, the world people have praised his ideas and theories as a beacon illuminating the path ahead

of the times. The number of the adherents of the Juche idea has steadily been increasing, and at present there are four continental organizations for the study of Juche idea with the International Institute of the Juche Idea as the main body, 27 national committees and some 1 000 study groups in the world.

"The Juche idea is the one that everyone should learn and it is an idea of mankind and the world, although it was born in Korea," "His Excellency Kim Jong II is a great Kimilsungist and great philosopher" — these are not only the views of Inoue Shuhachi, former director general of the International Institute of the Juche Idea, and of Herera Calix, professor of philosophy of history at Panama University, but shared by others.

(To be continued)

Gift Presented to President Kim II Sung



Agate Craftwork

This is the gift presented to President Kim II Sung by the president of the World Peace Council in April Juche 101(2012).

The WPC president decided to present the craftwork engraved with the inscription praising the DPRK President with agate which is a natural stone peculiar to Brazil and went to Brazil's Parana State to prepare the gift.

Agate is diverse in colour and does not easily corrode nor discolour.

Engraved on the gift are the inscription which reads:

"Kim Il Sung, founder of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, leader of the anti-imperialist struggle, friend of the world's people and defender of peace, Socorro Gomes, president of the World Peace Council, San Paulo, Brazil, April 15 2012".

As he presented the gift, the WPC president said that the world's progressive peoples highly appreciate the exploits of the great President Kim II Sung who fought against all manners of domination and subjugation and devoted his all to peace and prosperity, and that he offers the gift on the occasion of the centenary of the President's birth in reflection of the deep yearning of the world's progressive mankind for him.

Gift Presented to Chairman Kim Jong Il



Glasswork "Kimjongilia"

The gift was presented to Chairman Kim Jong II by Russia's Orchestra of the 21st Century in April Juche 99(2010).

The gift was made of different colours of glass and metal band.

While conveying the gift, the head of the orchestra who is also its chief conductor said:

"The seven Kimjongilias depicted in the glasswork symbolize the Great Bear in the immortal song 'Where Are You, Dear General?'. In the past, we used to put this song on the stage with profound reverence and yearning for the Chairman. Therefore before this visit to the DPRK I gave the design of the gift to a mirror production factory in Moscow and saw to it that the best technicians were mobilized to complete the gift with much labour by reflecting the unanimous mind of all the members of the orchestra who ardently yearn for and follow the Chairman. We earnestly request to surely convey this present reflecting all our mind to Chairman Kim Jong II."



Hall Dedicated to Orders Conferred on President Kim II Sung

Preserved in the hall of orders conferred on President Kim II Sung are 406 orders, medals and honorary titles awarded by the DPRK, 78 countries and 13 international and other organizations in the world to the President, who had performed immortal exploits for the Korean revolution and for achieving the cause of global independence.

The DPRK people and army conferred the title of Generalissimo of the DPRK, the title of DPRK Hero three times, the title of Labour Hero, 26 orders and three medals on the President who had defeated two imperialist

states in one generation and made history by building socialist Korea.

By reflecting boundless reverence and praise for the President, who devoted his all to the global independence and happy future of mankind, the world's progressives, many countries and international and other organizations awarded him 77 orders, 154 medals and 142 honorary titles.

Among them are many orders, medals and honorary titles they bestowed upon the President after his demise, with great yearning for the Sun of humankind.















Hall Dedicated to Orders Conferred on Chairman Kim Jong Il

Preserved in the hall of orders conferred on Chairman Kim Jong II are 443 orders, medals and honorary titles conferred on him by the DPRK, 61 countries, nine regions and many international and other organizations across the world.

The DPRK people and army awarded him the title of Generalissimo of the DPRK, the title of DPRK Hero four times, four Kim Il Sung Orders, two Kim Il Sung Prizes, 22 orders and 9 medals in praise of the undying exploits of the Chairman who had safeguarded the

dignity and interests of the country and nation and built up the country as an invincible socialist power.

Many countries and international and other organizations throughout the world presented 40 orders, 143 medals and 219 honorary titles to the Chairman who made a distinguished contribution to world peace and security.

The progressive peoples of the world continue to bestow orders, medals and honorary titles on the Chairman even after his demise with boundless reverence for him.















Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un shovels the ground first for the construction of the Pyongyang General Hospital after declaring its groundbreaking on the spot, in March Juche 109(2020).

Anecdote

What He Really Wanted To Do

The Ryugyong General Ophthalmic Hospital, which is so wonderful that every viewer or visitor lavishes praise on it with a feeling of happiness, is closely associated with the love for people of the Supreme Leader.

Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un visited its construction site one day in May Juche 105(2016) and called on the officials to build it as a people's hospital to be boasted to the world and a flawless one to be handed down to posterity and present it to the people as soon as possible.

And he gave a promise that the Workers' Party of Korea would take full responsibility of and solve all problems for provision of modern medical equipment and all kinds of fixtures needed for the operation of the hospital and material and technical means of its optician's.

A few months later, he visited the completed hospital and said that he had done what he really wanted to do for the people and that one more of his desire for the people had been fulfilled.

Greatest Sincerity of Humankind

The DPRK is now rising high in the times and history as the birthplace of the great idea instilling the spirit of independence into all people as it illuminates the road of the times and history and as the country of the great Juche idea.

Motherland of the Juche idea.

The Juche idea is the highest peak of the revolutionary ideas which are higher than the summing up or comprehensive compilation of the ideas and theories reached by the wisdom of humankind for thousands of years.

President Kim II Sung is the distinguished great man in the 20th century and the outstanding thinker and theoretician who expounded the road of humankind with the immortal Juche idea.

In retrospect, there have never been such a great thinker and theoretician as President Kim Il Sung in the history of human ideas.

With deep insight into the requirements of a new era in which the oppressed and maltreated masses of the people emerge as the master of their destiny, the President authored the Juche idea and thus developed the struggle of the masses of the people for independence into a new, high stage and hewed out the Juche era, a new era of the development of human history.

The Juche idea clarified the new man-centred philosophical outlook on the world and gave an overall explanation on the essence and law of the revolutionary movement, the socio-historical movement with the people as subject, the fundamental stand and method that should be maintained in the revolutionary movement, and its guiding principles.

It defined independence as the intrinsic attribute of man, the life and soul of each country and nation, and put it up as the fundamental principle in the relations between the parties and states, with the result that it aroused great sympathy among the world's people against all forms of domination and subordination and vigorously instigated the historic movement of the era desirous of independence.

The revolutionary people and personages of political and social circles of the world admired the truthfulness of the Juche idea and expressed the ardent sympathy of the idea, and presented President Kim Il Sung with gifts with their best wishes, revering him as the greatest thinker and mentor of humankind.

Bishwanath, secretary general of the International Kim II Sung Prize Council and director general of the International Institute of the Juche Idea, who turned himself from the true believer into ardent follower of the Juche idea, presented the President with several gifts in September Juche 66(1977) including a treasure box made of 2kg of pure sliver and the book "The Sun Inspires Us" authored by him. Conveying the gifts, he

said: "As there is no one who doesn't know the sun, so there is no one who doesn't know His Excellency Kim Il Sung, the Sun of Juche. The Juche idea created by him became the requirement of the times evoking the sympathy of all people and the voices following the President like the sunflower following the sun are resounding all over the world."

The gifts are associated with the warm hearts of the world's progressives revering the President and reflect their resolve to advance along the road of independence. They also mirror the support to and solidarity with the just cause of the Korean people and the deep feelings of friendship.

To learn the Juche idea is a gigantic trend that can never prevent forever, not to speak of the present era, till the independent aspiration and desire of the masses of the people are realized to the last.

As the wheel of history can never be turned back, no force in the world can check the vigorous flow of the times to learn after the Juche idea.

President Kim II Sung enjoyed the profound respect as the ever-victorious, iron-willed brilliant commander and master of creation and construction from the world's progressives.

In the history of mankind, there has never been such a great leader, the general-typed leader combined with pen and sword as the President who wisely led the revolution and construction, demonstrating the invincibility with the distinguished military strategy and art of command in the forefront of the anti-imperialist showdown in his lifetime.

The world's progressives reflected the reverence for the President on their gifts, highly praising him as the "lodestar of human emancipation", "symbol of victory in the anti-imperialist struggle", "world-famous general" and "hero for all ages".

In March Juche 45(1956), the government of the People's Republic of China presented a tiger skin to the President in praise of the immortal exploit of him, who defeated the two imperialist states. The delegation of the Singaporean businessmen presented him with a photo of him in generalissimo uniform in April Juche 82(1993).

The gifts eloquently prove how ardent is the heart of the world's progressives to look up and follow the President as the great man of the present era, the Sun of humankind.

President Kim Il Sung held high authority and enjoyed absolute trust among the revolutionary peoples around the world for the great exploits he had performed in the struggle to accomplish the anti-imperialist cause of independence.

Through revolutionary practice he prooved that independence is the justice of history, victory of the revolution and basis of the fair development of international relations, and he led the trend of history in the 20th century along the road of independence.

History knows the great persons who contributed to the cause of human emancipation, global peace and security, but there is no one who can compare with the President in terms of history leading the struggle for global independence or the exploits performed in the protracted period. That is why, the world's progressives praised him as the "lodestar of human emancipation", "great leader of the world's revolution" and "standard-bearer of the world revolution", and presented him with significant gifts in reverence for him by displaying his high exploits.

On the occasion of the 60th birth anniversary of President Kim II Sung, Yasser Arafat, who was chairman of the executive committee of the Palestinian Liberation Organization, presented him with the metal craftwork "Genuine peace should be achieved with struggle" in praise of his immortal feats performed in safeguarding global peace and security. Many other countries over the world and several international organizations presented him with heartfelt gifts, holding him in high esteem as the great man of the world, the true mentor of revolutionaries around the whole world.

Every gift presented to him by the progressive humankind is permeated with boundless respect and greatest sincerity to look him up as the world's leader, the great man in the 20th century.

The progressive people in the five continents around the world presented their gifts with best wishes to Chairman Kim Jong II who performed undying exploits in the building of a powerful socialist country and the accomplishment of global independence.

The gifts are unparalleled to others in their scale and contents, value and artistic skill and sincerity devoted to their manufacture.

The Chinese painting "Shining Spring", which first-class artists of China drew by pooling their creative effort in the hope of his rest on his birthday to bring about warm spring of mankind in the new century, the glassware "General Kim Jong II, the Sun of Songun" portraying the image of him in marshal uniform which was presented by the group for the study of Songun politics in the US, the mother-of-pearl ware "The Sunrise on Mt Paektu", which was presented by the general manager of a company of Hong Kong — they eloquently prove the warm mind of the world's progressives to revere and follow him.

Every gift mirroring the warm heart and immense sincerity of mankind speaks highly of his outstanding ideology and theory, leadership exploits and noble personality, as well as warm desire of humankind sincerely wishing him always good health and success in his work.

To hold President Kim II Sung and Chairman Kim Jong II, whom all the people look up to, as the eternal Sun of Juche is the top honour, the highest happiness and pride of Kim II Sung's nation, Kim Jong II's Korea.

The greatest fortune for the masses of the people fighting for justice, truth and independence lie in having the great leader who illumines the road ahead of the times, history and people.

As the DPRK holds Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un in high esteem as the supreme leader of the Party, state and armed forces today, the history of the sacred Sun, the history of praise of all people will go on invariably and the august names of the President and the Chairman will shine brightly through generations to come.



75th Anniversary of Founding of WPK Celebrated Splendidly

All the people across the DPRK celebrated the 75th anniversary of the founding of the Workers' Party of Korea with great excitement and joy.

An endless stream of visitors flowed to the

Kumsusan Palace of the Sun, the supreme temple of Juche, where President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il are preserved in their lifetime appearance.







Military parade was held in Kim II Sung Square in Pyongyang at 00:00 on October 10 in celebration of the 75th anniversary of the founding of the WPK with the presence of Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un. Kim Jong Un, supreme leader of the Party, state

and armed forces of the DPRK, made a speech full of excitement in the event.

He extended heartfelt thanks and warmest congratulations to all the people in the country and the service personnel of the Korean People's Army









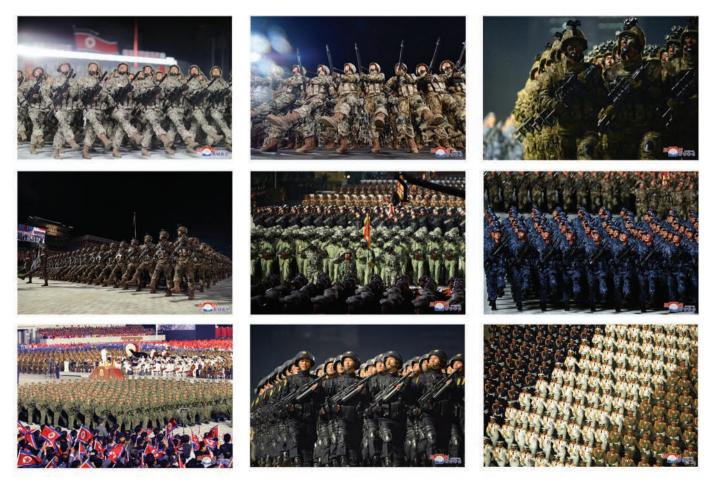
who made the great October holiday such a worthy and proud occasion with the valuable successes and the fruits of labour achieved through an all-out effort by overcoming unprecedentedly severe ordeals.

All the participants, who received the speech of the Supreme Leader full of ardent love for the people and sincere trust in them, broke into cheers of hurrah to the great father with tears in their eyes.

Then, there was the march of parade units, flight in the sky above the square and procession of mechanized units.

Seeing the columns of parade units and the Jucheoriented ultra-modern strategic weapons marching past the square, rending heaven and earth, the viewers wholeheartedly extended the greatest glory and thanks to Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un, the peerless hero of all generations.

The military parade in celebration of the 75th WPK founding anniversary demonstrated that the undying feats of the WPK, which built a world-level military power and thus achieved the century-old great cause of building a rich country with a strong army, would shine long in history and that there is no force in the world which can check the dynamic advance of the Korean people toward the future of socialism, a new victory.























A public procession took place at Kim Il Sung Square in Pyongyang on October 10 in celebration of the 75th founding anniversary of the WPK.

All the participants in the procession extended eternal glory to President Kim II Sung and Chairman

Kim Jong II who blazed the trail for a new road of building a Juche-oriented, revolutionary party and strengthened and developed the Party into a leading political organization and a motherly party and thus created a new history of epoch-making changes.











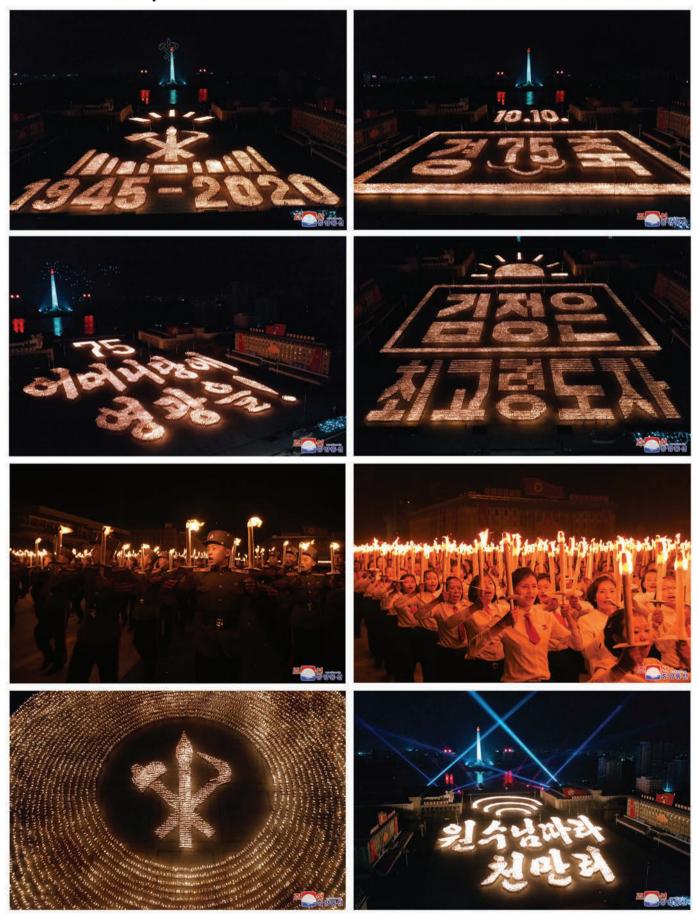
The public procession demonstrated to all over the world the inexhaustible strength of single-hearted unity of Juche Korea where all people are united rock-solid around Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un and the revolutionary spirit of the Korean people advancing towards the Eighth Congress of the WPK and the bright future of socialism, full of confidence in and optimism for a new victory.



And there was a torchlight procession of young vanguard.

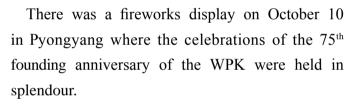
As they marched cheering enthusiastically, the hearts of the youth and students were

brimming with boundless reverence for the peerlessly great men who brought up the large force of successors carrying forward the lifeline of the revolution.









A dance party was held at Kim Il Sung Square while the beautiful fireworks lit the nocturnal sky.





Fireworks were shot off continuously as if to depict the wonderlands of civilization built in different parts of the country and the happy laughter of people ringing loud in the villages which were turned into socialist fairyland by removing all the traces of the severe natural calamities.





Floral Tribute Paid by Participants in Fourth Enlarged Meeting of KKF Board of Directors

The participants in the Fourth Enlarged Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation laid baskets of flowers at the statues of President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il on Mansu Hill on October 7 Juche 108(2019).

Written on the ribbons of flower baskets were letters reading, "President Kim II Sung and Chairman Kim Jong II will live on in the minds of humankind".





Participants in Fourth Enlarged Meeting of KKF Board of Directors Pay Homage to Great Leaders

The participants in the Fourth Enlarged Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation held in Pyongyang, the capital city of the DPRK, visited the Kumsusan Palace of the Sun where President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il lie in their lifetime appearance on October 10 Juche 108(2019) to pay homage to them.

They paid highest tribute to the statues of the President and the Chairman with respect for the peerlessly great men who achieved immortal exploits in the Korean revolution and in the cause of global independence. They also made deep bows to the great leaders at the halls of immortality where they are preserved in their lifetime appearance.

They looked round the halls housing the orders, medals and honorary titles that the President and the Chairman had received and the halls preserving cars, battery car, boat and carriages they had used during their field guidance and foreign tours until the last moments of their lives.

Thomas Karl Lichter, director of the Board of Directors of the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation said:

"The great President Kim II Sung and great leader HE Kim Jong II had made immortal contribution to the freedom and independence of the DPRK, socialist cause, people's happiness and global independence and, therefore, they are boundlessly revered by not only the Korean people but also the world people and they live forever in the heart of mankind as the Sun.

"Whenever I visit the Kumsusan Palace of the Sun, I cannot help being gripped by a feeling of solemnity toward the great men."



Thomas Karl Lichter



Fourth Enlarged Meeting of KKF Board of Directors Held in Pyongyang, Capital City of DPRK

The Fourth Enlarged Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Kim II Sung-Kim Jong II Foundation was held in Pyongyang on October 7 Juche 108(2019).

It was attended by members of the Board of Directors, members of the Foundation, overseas Koreans and foreign guests.

Staff members of the Foundation also attended the meeting as observers.

The meeting reviewed the work of the Foundation in the past two years after the Third Enlarged Meeting of the Board of Directors of the

Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation, and informed the direction of its future activities to give wider publicity to the greatness of President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il who had made great contributions to the cause of global peace and independence and expand and develop the Foundation.

Certificates were awarded to the newly elected directors and honorary directors.

At the meeting a letter to Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un was adopted amidst the enthusiastic applause of the participants.





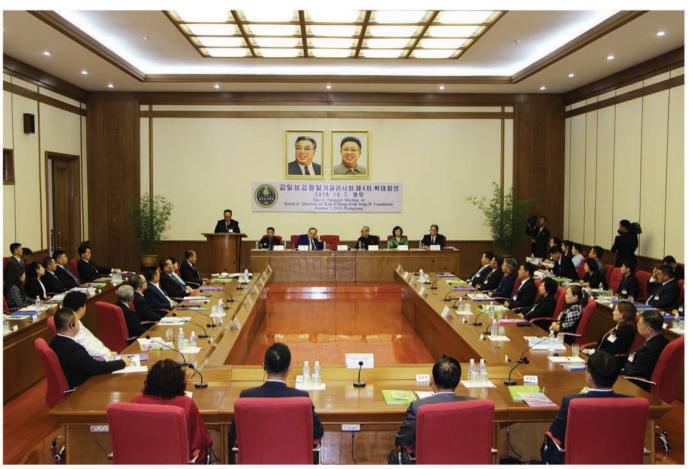






- KKF Activity -













- KKF Activity -











Participants in Fourth Enlarged Meeting of KKF Board of Directors Present Flower Baskets and Gift to Supreme Leader

The participants in the Fourth Enlarged Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation presented flower baskets and gift to Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un.

Written on the ribbons of the flower baskets were letters reading "We wish Supreme Leader Comrade

Kim Jong Un good health". And a gift was presented by the Dandong Branch of the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation.

The flower baskets and the gift were handed over to the chairman of the Board of Directors of the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation.



Choe Ryong Hae Meets Overseas Koreans and Foreign Guests

Choe Ryong Hae, member of Presidium of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, first vice-chairman of the State Affairs Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and president of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly, met

members of the Board of Directors of the Foundation and KKF members, who participated in the Fourth Enlarged Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation, at the Mansudae Assembly Hall on October 8 Juche 108(2019) and had a talk with them in an amicable atmosphere.











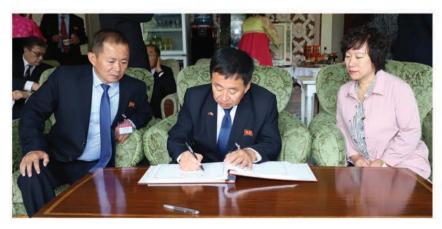
Participants in KKF Meeting Enjoy Grand Mass Gymnastics and Artistic Performance, Visit Many Places

The participants in the Fourth Enlarged Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation saw the grand mass gymnastics and artistic performance "The Land of the People" on October 8 Juche 108(2019).

They also visited many places including the International Friendship Exhibition House, Tower of the Juche Idea, Okryu Children's Hospital, Mangyongdae Schoolchildren's Palace and Pyongyang Old People's Home.

After visiting the International Friendship Exhibition House, Honorary Director Cui Tongwen said:

"The International Friendship Exhibition House is a treasure house in praise of the great men which embodies the deep reverence of the world's progressive mankind for the great leaders who achieved immortal exploits for the Korean revolution and the cause of global independence. Cherishing deep in my mind the pride of becoming an honorary director of the Board of Directors of the Foundation bearing the august names of the peerlessly great men, I will fulfil my responsibility and duty by taking an active part in the work for giving greater publicity to their greatness and the Foundation."





Cui Tongwen

- KKF Activity -



Participants in the Fourth Enlarged Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation visit the International Friendship Exhibition House.









On a visit to the Tower of the Juche Idea and Victorious Fatherland Liberation War Museum.







- KKF Activity -



On a visit to the Okryu Children's Hospital.





On a visit to the Pyongyang Old People's Home and Friendship Tower.











Mind of Mankind Runs towards Supreme Temple of Juche



Today, deep sincerity of the world's progressive mankind, who live cherishing in their mind ardent reverence for President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il, runs endlessly to the Kumsusan Palace of the Sun, the supreme temple of Juche.

During their visit to the DPRK in August Juche 108(2019), members of the delegation of the Nepal Communist Party (Marxist-Leninist) donated to the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation with reverence for the peerlessly great men.

At the award ceremony of the donation certificate of the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation, Dhakal Surendra Prasad, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Nepal Communist Party(Marxist-Leninist) who led the delegation, said:

"Looking round the Kumsusan Palace of the Sun, I was deeply impressed to see that the palace is well equipped and managed. I was told from relevant Korean officials that the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation was established to add more lustre to the palace and that foreigners could also make donations. That's why we have given some donations by reflecting the mind of all of us.

"It is a great pleasure for me to make a donation to the Kim II Sung-Kim Jong II Foundation. Because President Kim II Sung and General Kim Jong II are not only the leaders of the DPRK but also the leaders of the world's people aspiring after global peace and independence.

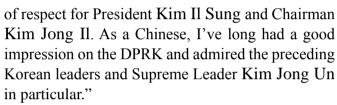
"We will make a positive effort to make the Nepalese people pay tribute at the Kumsusan Palace of the Sun on their visit to the DPRK and give their donations to the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation."

The Chinese people who participated in the Fourth Enlarged Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation held in Pyongyang, the capital of the DPRK, in October last year, expressed their impressions:

"I was surprised to see so many people devoting themselves to the Foundation work with the feeling



Dhakal Surendra Prasad



"Many people have made distinguished contributions to the work of holding the great leaders in high esteem.

"The growing number of members of the Foundation shows that the Foundation develops and the future of the DPRK is very bright.

"I'm determined to fulfil my duty and responsibility for the expansion and development of the Foundation work."

Others also expressed the same views.

Chi Minghua, a China-based Korean compatriot,



Chi Minghua

said when she was awarded the donation certificate of the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation:

"I deem it a great honour to make a contribution to the work of sprucing up the Kumsusan Palace of the Sun as the supreme temple of Juche.

"Keeping deep in mind the pride of receiving the donation certificate today, I will devote my all energy to the prosperity and development of my motherland."

..

The boundless respect of all the people for President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il is always linked to the Kumsusan Palace of the Sun and the enthusiasm of admiration for the peerlessly great men will grow more along with the times.



DPRK Leaves Visitors with Strong Impression

Many people visiting the DPRK get surprised and deeply impressed by the happy images of the cheerful Korean people and the modern and clean streets.

Wang Li, a Chinese who participated in the Fourth Enlarged Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation held in Pyongyang in October Juche 108(2019), looked round the Okryu Children's Hospital and said:

"I can see that it is a hospital that suits children's psychology and is equipped with the best medical facilities.

"As I heard that Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un visited the construction site on a rainy day and solved all the problems related to the construction of the children's hospital, I thought he was really like a true father who sincerely loves children.

"Here the hospital gives medical treatment for free and runs a school for the children in hospital. I can understand the intention of the Workers' Party of Korea to raise all children as the masters of future. As the children are learning songs and other things while receiving medical treatment, they will recover health faster. The Korean children are really fortunate."

Jin Xian, director of the Board of the Directors of the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation, on a visit to the Wolhyang Souvenir Exhibition House said in surprise:

"Kaesong Koryo Insam of the DPRK is approved as the best in medical efficiency and is very famous

not only in China but around the world. Therefore, the products made from Insam, Kaesong's specialty, are regarded as priceless. However, such rare items are sold at a cheap price so that anyone can take them as they wish. Indeed, such a reality is unimaginable apart from the politics of love for the people of the Supreme Leader who values the people the most."

A Vietnamese member of the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation and her party, who visited the DPRK in April Juche 108(2019), expressed their impressions as follows:

"My first-hand experience in the DPRK is totally different from what I've imagined earlier. I've been to more than 80 countries but I've never seen such a clean country. And all people are so friendly."

"I can't help falling in love with this country. The more I see the more I come to love it and want to spend the rest of my life in the DPRK. If I can become a Pyongyang citizen, I wish to marry a good man and live here in the DPRK."

"I want to tell the truth from the bottom of my heart.

"Whenever I hear stories about Marshal Kim Jong Un, they make me cry. That's because I envy you, the Korean people who has a leader who loves the people so much. In the DPRK, the leader, the people and the cleanness of city are the best in the world. It is a country that left a strong impression in my heart. It is the most wonderful country I've seen so far."



Jin Xian



Wang Li

Boundless Reverence Flows Endlessly

Members of KKF Board of Directors Send Baskets of Flowers to Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un

Co-Chairman Johnny Hon, Honorary Vice-Chairman Sai Tiejun, Director Jin Xian, honorary directors Cui Tongwen and Qiu Jianliang of the Board of Directors of the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation sent baskets of flowers to Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un on the occasion of the 75th founding anniversary of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Flower baskets also came from the China Dandong branch of the Foundation, and Liang Zhengxiong and his wife, Cui Tongwen and his wife, Lin Gennan, Fang Hua, Zhan Xueyan, Zhao Bin, Li Ailan, Li Zhengyuan, Tang Yiming, Cui Tongzhu, Piao Mingde, Pai Jinchuan, Jin Chengwu and Andrei Morkel, who are members of the Foundation.

Written on the ribbons of the flower baskets were letters reading "We sincerely wish Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un good health".













Members of KKF Board of Directors and KKF Members Send Flower Baskets to Statues of Great Leaders



On the occasion of the 26th anniversary of the demise of President Kim Il Sung, Co-Chairman Johnny Hon, Honorary Vice-Chairman Sai Tiejun,

Director Jin Xian, honorary directors Cui Tongwen, Qiu Shuibo and Qiu Jianliang of the Board of Directorsofthe Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation

















sent baskets of flowers to the statues of President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il on Mansu Hill. Lin Gennan, Liang Zhengxiong and his wife, Zhan Xueyan, Li Ailan, Zhao Bin and Li Zhengyuan, who are members of the Foundation, also sent baskets of flowers.

On the occasion of the 75th anniversary of the Korea's liberation and 75th founding anniversary of

the Workers' Party of Korea Svetlana Odintsova, member of the Kim Il Sung-Kim Jong Il Foundation, sent flower baskets to the statues of President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il on Mansu Hill.

Written on the ribbons of the flower baskets were letters, which read: "The great Comrades Kim Il Sung and Kim Jong Il will always be with us".







National Flag of DPRK

A national flag formally signifies and symbolizes a state.

The national flag of the DPRK is completely different from those of any other countries and is run through with Korean nature in its shape and content.

Its red colour symbolizes the red blood shed by the forerunners and the might of the united people.

Its white circle and two white stripes mean that the Republic is a genuine country of the people and that the Korean nation is a homogeneous nation that lived on one land with one bloodline, language and culture. Its two blue stripes on the lower and upper parts of the flag indicate the rosy future of the Republic and the desire for world peace and progress.

Its red five-point star denotes the revolutionary tradition that the Republic has inherited, the revolutionary spirit of the people to complete to the end the socialist cause and the bright future of the Republic which would prosper forever.

The national flag, which was decided in July Juche 37(1948), flutters high demonstrating the dignity and might of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.







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